SECRET CIVILIZATION NEW WORLD TO REVISIT

If today it seems common to see the people of China circulate through airports and malls, it was not so three hundred years ago. Similarly then as now, some did travel, but of these were very few. Few as well travelled to China, despite the availability of routes by sea and by land. The reality that the Chinese remained a world of its own meant that most outside had not even heard of their existence and their lives were idyllic in that their way of being and mode of existence had room to flourish. Today, in a world often called globalized, which denotes that understanding which is proffered to the minority that all worlds exist in the same place, the surface of the planet Earth, the desire of many who live regular lives at home to see and experience the different remains at the judgment of the prestigious to be rather ambitious. The vast differences in how humans live in different places yet could all speak common tongues and languages is still a secret to many. As those who travel far from home, their stories will be of great value to those of us who dwell here, at Home. It may be worthwhile to recall that found oftentimes throughout history is the fact that differences can also breed conflict, while at masse could lead to war, and at small numbers, generate abuse in discrimination. When the truth be told by polities off records concerning the various perceived violation of civility and trust, though sometimes elicited not whatsoever by intention, the agencies supporting travel in different countries may see projections of restructuring travelling rights in the far future. The reality that disruptions could often be seen to be occurring when travellers choose to travel en masse, while risks accrue when travelling alone or with few should give pause to those who want to wander without guide or without abiding to the customs of travel.

Sailing to the new continent of the Americas now appears as a distant memory to most: vague and ambiguous it belongs to the annals or the attic where we keep the memories and keepsakes of great aunt Mae or great great Uncle Joe. However, that this and the previous preparations lasting centuries yet still breathe life through our culture and history, through our daily lifes and sayings is the reason why we can say that heritage is part of our birthright and instilled by nature into our lives.

It is not uncommon to be surprised that foreign parties do not have the same cultural memory. That migration is occurring en masse, and their actions and words affect our worlds in at least slight effect if not more is now too part of the new normal which we have to deal with. In our history, we find that similar deeds had been done, which through our strifes and struggles, resulted in new vistas of social reality of which pride is taken. The real problem then today is communicating the costs of erecting the new world, and in discovering whether if the migrants have any stakes in their own deeds in the past to create the new and to believe as we do, in freedom, and courage, and in democracy.

The forging of the new world had been an imagination that breathed life into so many who had wrought their lives through fiefdom, and religious restrictions, and state abuse, and so much more which now return to their rightful place in the dusty pages of history books. Yet, it was that struggle that gave our forebearers the opportunity to reflect, and to save those reflections, and to keep the creative bend strong, for forging new societies that today receive such acclaim all around the world as like towards a utopia.

Migrant attitudes oftentimes are misguided, or their hands were forced, such that their movements seem without intention or information. At worst, the case for the state is to investigate thoroughly the past events that led to the raising of this class of people. In understanding the context, we hope to find room to communicate with these foreign beings from foreign lands.

TROUBLING INFORMATION

Member of Parliament MP Chong was recently seen to raise the topic of "the information operation" on city television on the Global Television station. The particulars of the statement was not reported extensively, but this was a reminder of how new the term "information" is yet become "relevant" in finding mention across media including the internet on the world wide web. Perhaps reminiscent of the problem of active inner and outer actions which find capability in the common sphere yet recognition by the public sphere, perhaps also called an action of informing, the question of information deserves attention by researchers such that some common understanding could be reached by the public concerning what is desirable and what is not inside of an "information economy." Of course, the term of the "information economy" was first generated in the 1990's in conjunction with the large scale offering of the digital computer with the newly expanded digital internetwork. However, that other civilizations could not interpret it necessarily the same way, finding that the digital network to be delimited in scope when related to a notion as information was a discovery only later to be made. It would be noteworthy to remark that "creative economy" was proposed concurrently.

THIN VS THICK

In the adoption of technology in and around America, there are differentials to how much technological applications could be adopted at any given time. Oftentimes, this means that in less abundant regions, the adoption of application is low, while the desire and demand for the outcomes of the tech are raised to levels higher than expected. In this is the distinction from the thick application, which involves the complete acceptance of a tech as an externally founded object with its capacities, and thin adoption of tech, which involves adopting only part or component of the tech, then augmented with various human powered techniques to complete for the outcomes.

In this process of thin adoption, the product then is of lesser quality or quantitative measure, for the thin tech is only working when augmented by actions often by masses of human agents.

The result of thin adoption is not only increased demand and lesser satisfaction, which affects us here on the continent insofar as the reputation of the alleged product. Another outcome is related to the development of the tech in overseas locations where the product cannot be of equivalence to what is being made, marketed, and utilized at home.

RETURN TO TABLOID

With the call from the people for some central direction in news media, older forms of the newspaper, including the tabloid, is re-entering the equation. Some wonder if tabloids could cover as migrant activity.

The type of direction which needs interagency communication and centralized coordination that make the news releases easy to transform and translate into public communication is not easy to come by. However, with certain channels now becoming available, such as on the world wide web and the general internet, increasingly, individuals are discovering the requirements for personal toolkits that could allow for the refocusing of both one and one communication as well as conference format communication. Despite that technology always promised the novel for communication, in this over-information, personal and custom organization is needed. Desirability of personal and office agenda to be laid out reaches attention.

COMMREAL CALLS

In the vast sea of information found today everywhere, the missing and wanted is the distilled releases by press that will win the readership that guarantees its existence. Some have compared the flow of information to a deluge, and despite the the presence of effective records and legal information, for instance, the message direct from the president to the people, largely remain being called for. One application in the early project pitch stage, called COMMREAL, proposes to have journalists work directly with state stakeholders in America to find the concis and the precis for the people that deserves their time and could aid community action.

QUESTION OF PIECES AT STAKE

In urban planning, often the distinction is made concerning what constitutes critical infrastructure. Despite that much is considered critical in any city, there are pieces particularly prominent in a city's running as utilities, banks, health, emergency, and so on. Also important are the state of roads and highways, transportation systems, as well as urban architecture. This last includes the vertical architecture as the newly developed future resource Central and Mid-West in America, of the glass-cladded skyscrapers and the residential architecture, all of which while efforts continue in cities and had been standing on their own in various stages of near-completion. That towns alike to distribute goods to today additional risks have chanced into the continent means that even our little city of Calgary cannot escape attention. The founded state of the city means that assistance could be garnered with civility, even if the full stage of eration between private and public insurance had not yet been achieved, which depends on Calgary's reputation. interest.

PREPAREDNESS 0.2

Page 3

Recent events of forest fires in Alberta and neighboring provinces have put many on high alert in apprehending the importance of preparedness and realizing the actualities of readiness for emergency. With additional crises emerging concernshininess of having great abundance, ing the likelihood of returns and new arrivals on both coast, with the west coast arrivals projected to be earlier, additional avenues are in talks to be made to secure the future of the continent.

> The political front remains slow to act, however, business interests now are shifring towards the admittance that readiness could be profitable for when all scenarios find projection, then more commerce could stand to be realized and perhaps at scales large enough that new connections could be made for future business.

The call for a supply chain of essential goods remains on the wire; however, its adoption has been seen as slow to gradual. It is understood that some efforts are ongoing in those affected by poverty or migrant activity. On the horizon is the coop-